

## Annuaire 1998 Annuaire Tribunal International Du Droit De La Mer

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L'annuaire offre des clés de lecture de l'évolution de la région des grands lacs en 1997 et au premier trimestre de 1998. Dans une première partie, sont analysés des thèmes d'actualité dans les domaines politique, économique et juridique. une seconde partie offre un ensemble de données factuelles : composition des institutions, éléments macro-économiques, chronologie.

Le Tribunal international du droit de la mer est un organe judiciaire indépendant, créé par la Convention des Nations Unies sur le droit de la mer, pour connaître des différends auxquels pourraient donner lieu l'interprétation et l'application de la Convention. Le Tribunal est ouvert aux Etats Parties à la Convention. Il est également ouvert à des entités autres que les Etats Parties (Etats et organisations internationales non parties à la Convention et personnes physiques et morales) dans les cas prévus par la Convention ou par d'autres accords conférant compétence au Tribunal. L'Annuaire offre aux juristes, aux universitaires, aux étudiants, ainsi qu'au public dans son ensemble, l'accès à des informations concernant la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal, ainsi que la composition et les activités de celui-ci au cours de l'année 2003. L'Annuaire est établi par le Greffe du Tribunal et est aussi disponible en anglais (Yearbook 2003).

This volume contains the summary records of the meetings of the fifty-second session of the Commission with the corrections requested by members of the Commission and such editorial changes as were considered necessary. The issues discussed at that session included: State responsibility; unilateral acts of States; nationality in relation to the succession of States; prevention of transboundary damage from hazardous activities; diplomatic protection; reservations to treaties and long-term programme of work of the Commission.

In *The Contentious and Advisory Jurisdiction of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea*, Miguel García García-Revilla offers an in depth examination of both the contentious and advisory jurisdiction of this major international judicial institution.

Aanwinsten van de Centrale Bibliotheek (Queteletfonds)

Yearbook 1998

L'Afrique des Grands Lacs

Law, Practice and Procedure

Yearbook International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea / Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 20 (2016)

This is the Eleventh volume of the "Hague Yearbook of International Law," which succeeds the Yearbook of the Association of Attenders and Alumni of the Hague Academy of International Law. The title "Hague Yearbook of International Law" reflects the close ties which have always existed between the AAA and the City of The Hague with its international law institutions, and indicates the Editors' intention to devote attention to developments taking place in those international law institutions, viz. the International Court of Justice, the Permanent Court of Arbitration, the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal and the Hague Conference on Private International Law. This volume contains in-depth articles on these developments (in English and French) and summaries of (aspects of) decisions rendered by the International Court of Justice, the Permanent Court of Arbitration and the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal.

The Yearbook provides information on the composition, jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and about its judicial activities in 2017.

L'Annuaire fournit au public des informations sur la composition, la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal ainsi que sur les activités judiciaires menées par celui-ci en 2017.

Le Tribunal international du droit de la mer est une juridiction internationale qui traite des différends d'ordre maritime. Le Tribunal est ouvert aux Etats, aux organisations internationales et à d'autres entités. L'Annuaire offre aux juristes, aux universitaires, aux étudiants, ainsi qu'au public dans son ensemble, l'accès à des informations concernant la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal, ainsi que la composition de celui-ci au cours de l'année 2000. L'Annuaire a été établi par le Greffe du Tribunal. Le Tribunal a également publié un volume de textes de base contenant des documents qui constituent le fondement du mandat et du fonctionnement du Tribunal, et qui représentent l'essentiel de la documentation relative aux règles de fond et de procédure qu'applique le Tribunal. L'Annuaire est aussi disponible en anglais (Yearbook).

The Yearbook provides information on the composition, jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and about its activities in 2016. L'Annuaire fournit au public des informations sur la composition, la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal ainsi que sur les activités menées par le Tribunal en 2016.

International Human Rights Law

el primer juicio internacional por genocidio

Annuaire de la Commission du Droit International 2009, Vol. II, Partie 1

Yearbook of the International Law Commission 1998, Vol.II, Part 1

The Rules of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea is an international court dealing with maritime disputes. The Tribunal is open to States, international organizations and other entities. The Yearbook will give lawyers, scholars, students as well as the general public easy access to information about the jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and also about its composition and activities in 1998. The Yearbook was prepared by the Registry of the Tribunal. The Tribunal has also published a volume of Basic Texts which contains documents that are fundamental to the mandate and operation of the Tribunal and which provides the essential documentation relating to the law and procedure applicable to the Tribunal. The Yearbook is also available in French (Annuaire).

Les déclarations de la Commission du droit du travail durant la cinquantième session (1998) concerne les thèmes suivants : Responsabilité des Etats ; actes unilatéraux des Etats, nationalité en rapport avec la succession des Etats, prévention des dommages transfrontalières résultant d'activités dangereuses, protection diplomatique ; réserves aux traités et programme à long terme du travail de la commission.

L'Annuaire offre aux juristes, aux universitaires, aux étudiants, ainsi qu'au public dans son ensemble, l'accès à des informations concernant la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal, ainsi que la composition et les activités de celui-ci au cours de l'année 2004.

L'Annuaire est établi par le Greffe du Tribunal et est aussi disponible en anglais (Yearbook 2004).

Yearbook - Annuaire 2011 The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea is an independent judicial body established by the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea to adjudicate disputes arising out of the interpretation and application of the Convention. The Tribunal is open to States Parties to the Convention. It is also open to entities other than States Parties (States and international organizations non-parties to the Convention and natural or juridical persons) in cases provided for in the Convention or other agreements conferring jurisdiction on the Tribunal. The Yearbook - Annuaire will give lawyers, scholars, students as well as the general public access to information about the jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and also about its composition and activities in 2011. The Yearbook is prepared by the Registry of the Tribunal. Until 2007, it was published in two separate volumes, English (Yearbook) and French (Annuaire). Since 2008, the Yearbook - Annuaire is published as a bilingual volume. Yearbook International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea / Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 17 (2013)

Liber Amicorum 'In Memoriam' of Judge José María Ruda

Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 8 (2004)

Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 4 (2000)

Hague Yearbook of International Law: Vol. 10:1997

La Commission du droit international est un organe d'experts, composé de « personnes possédant une compétence notoire en matière de droit international », qui œuvre au développement progressif et à la codification du droit international. Annuaire de la Commission du droit international: Volume I : Comptes rendus de séance; Volume II : Texte des principaux rapports établis au cours de l'année, y compris le rapport annuel à l'Assemblée générale.

This fourth bibliography is compiled by the library in order to facilitate researcher's access to the increasing volume of published documents on the work of the tribunal. The product is the unique tool that assists people to know the areas which have been covered by the researchers. The bibliography includes references from books, journals and periodicals, theses, comments and notes on judicial cases as well.

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea, a judicial institution created by the 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, began its activities on 1 October 1996. Together with the Statute of the Tribunal (Annex VI to the Convention), the Rules of the Tribunal, adopted on 28 October 1997, govern the functioning of the Tribunal and the proceedings before it. The objective of this "Commentary" is to give to legal practitioners and academics a detailed analysis of the provisions contained in the Rules. In doing so, the contributors, who are Judges of the Tribunal or members of its Registry, paid particular attention to the practice and the jurisprudence of the Tribunal as well as to the corresponding provisions in the Rules of the International Court of Justice.

Le Tribunal international du droit de la mer est un organe judiciaire indépendant, créé par la Convention des Nations Unies sur le droit de la mer, pour connaître des différends auxquels pourraient donner lieu l'interprétation et l'application de la Convention. Le Tribunal est ouvert aux Etats Parties à la Convention. Il est également ouvert à des entités autres que les Etats Parties (Etats et organisations internationales non parties à la Convention et personnes physiques et morales) dans les cas prévus par la Convention ou par d'autres accords conférant compétence au Tribunal. L'Annuaire offre aux juristes, aux universitaires, aux étudiants, ainsi qu'au public dans son ensemble, l'accès à des informations concernant la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal, ainsi que la composition et les activités de celui-ci au cours de l'année 2004. L'Annuaire est établi par le Greffe du Tribunal et est aussi disponible en anglais (Yearbook 2004).

Annuaire

International Courts and the Development of International Law

The OSCE Court of Conciliation and Arbitration

The ICSID Convention

Annuaire 2003

This volume collects the materials underlying the International Colloquium "Conciliation in the Globalized World of Today", held on 11 and 12 June 2015 in Vienna under the auspices of the Court of Conciliation and Arbitration within the OSCE. The aim of the Colloquium was to examine the merits and possible shortcomings of this method of conflict resolution, and it concluded that the pros heavily outweigh the cons.

This Commentary gives a detailed description of the meaning and application of the ICSID Convention.

This textbook provides a thorough and systematic overview of human rights law, including the most relevant practice and case law, but also dealing with theoretical issues. It pursues an original approach, seeking to reconcile its didactic purpose with a scientific one, positing that there must be a necessary synergy between these two purposes. Furthermore, the author is convinced that international human rights law should not be studied (as is done in virtually every textbook) as a special legal regime, separate and autonomous from the overall system of international law; but as a regime that is fully integrated into the international legal order. The book's dominant theme is the interrelationship of international human rights law and general international law. Following this approach, the author has chosen to devote comparatively little content to institutional issues (Part IV) and to instead more intensively explore the structural impact of human rights law on the entire international order (Part I); on the sources (Part II) and obligations (Part III) of general international law; and what constitutes "fundamental" human rights (Part V), without neglecting other rights (Part VI).

This book examines an unexplored method of interpretation: the use of domestic law in the interpretation of international law.

Tribunal International Du Droit De La Mer

Yearbook International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea / Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 15 (2011)

Annuaire de la Commission du Droit International 1998, Vol.II, Partie 1

Tribunal Pénal International Pour L'ex-Yougoslavie

Theory and Practice

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea is an autonomous judicial body established by the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea to adjudicate disputes arising out of the interpretation and application of the Convention. The Yearbook - Annuaire will give lawyers and the general public access to information about the jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and also about its composition and activities in 2013.

This book contains a collection of essays by leading experts linked to the outstanding characteristics of the scholar in honour of whom it is published, Tullio Treves, who combines his academic background with his practical experiences of a negotiator of international treaties and a judge of an international tribunal. It covers international public and private law related to international courts and the development of international law. Under Article 38 of its Statute, the International Court of Justice can apply judicial decisions only as a "subsidiary means for the determination of rules of law". However, there are many reasons to believe that international courts and tribunals do play quite an important role in the progressive development of international law. There are a number of decisions which are inevitably recalled as the first step, or a decisive step, in the process of the formation of a new rule of customary international law. In these cases, can the judge be considered as a subsidiary of others? Are these cases compatible with the common belief that a judge cannot create law? Is this a peculiarity of international law, which is characterized by the existence of several courts but the lack of a legislator? Do decisions by different courts lead to the consequence of a fragmented international law? This volume provides the reader with an elaboration of various questions linked to the legislative role of courts. In their choices of subjects, some contributors have taken into account the general aspects of the development of international rules through court decisions or specific sectors of international law, such as human rights, international crimes, international economic law, environmental law and the law of the sea. Others have chosen the subject of the rules on jurisdiction and procedure of international courts. The question of the courts' role in the development of areas of law different from public international law, namely private international law and European Union law, has also been considered. The information and views contained in this book will be of great value to academics, students, judges, practitioners and all others interested in the public and private international law aspects of the link between international courts and the development of international law.

CONTENIDO: Ruanda: más allá del conflicto étnico - Antagonismos intercomunitarios y conflicto armado - Contextos y repercusiones del genocidio - Surgimiento del tribunal penal internacional para Ruanda y el crimen de genocidio - Concreción de la idea de un tribunal internacional - Desarrollo jurídico del genocidio - Debido proceso y responsabilidad penal individual - Responsabilidad penal individual.

Jadis considérée comme périphérique et enclavée, la région des grands lacs est devenue le centre d'une vaste recomposition géo-stratégique qui touche toute l'Afrique centrale. Des alliances conjoncturelles qui se sont forgées autour des conflits du Soudan, de l'Angola et des grands lacs, ont porté L.D. Kabila au pouvoir. Cependant, les problèmes qui ont été à l'origine de la rébellion congolo-zaïroise - les soucis sécuritaires du Rwanda et la situation des " populations à nationalité douteuse " dans les deux Kivu - n'ont pas disparu. Au contraire, ils sont plus graves aujourd'hui qu'avant et continuent de menacer la stabilité de toute la région. La guerre civile s'étend rapidement au Rwanda, la voie du dialogue ne se précise pas au Burundi et le Kivu est en proie à de graves tensions internes et transfrontalières que le pouvoir central congolais ne gère pas. Faute de solutions politiques, la perspective la plus probable est celle d'une longue et violente déstabilisation de toute la région. Cet annuaire offre des clés de lecture de l'évolution de la région des grands lacs en 1997 et au premier trimestre de 1998. Dans une première partie, sont analysés des thèmes d'actualité dans les domaines politique, économique et juridique. Une seconde partie offre un ensemble de données factuelles : composition des institutions, éléments macro-économiques, chronologie.

Annuaire 1998

Comparative Reasoning in International Courts and Tribunals

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 6 (2002)

Yearbook International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea / Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 21 (2017)

L'Annuaire offre aux juristes, aux universitaires, aux étudiants, ainsi qu'au public dans son ensemble, l'accès à des informations concernant la compétence, la procédure et l'organisation du Tribunal, ainsi que la composition et les activités de

celui-ci au cours de l'année 2003. L'Annuaire est établi par le Greffe du Tribunal et est aussi disponible en anglais (Yearbook 2003).

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Decisions of the International Law Commission during its fiftieth session (1998) as regards the following topics: State responsibility; unilateral acts of States; nationality in relation to the succession of States; prevention of transboundary damage from hazardous activities; diplomatic protection; reservations to treaties and long-term programme of work of the Commission. Cet annuaire fait le bilan récapitulatif des activités du Tribunal pour l'année 1998. Après une présentation générale de la compétence du Tribunal, il passe en revue l'organisation générale et les fonctions des organes du Tribunal et examine ses activités. Il décrit également le rôle des services administratifs et des services d'appui judiciaire.

Essays in Honour of Tullio Treves

Annuaire du droit de la mer

International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda (ICTR) Special Bibliography 2015

Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 7 (2003)

Yearbook of the International Law Commission 2000, Vol.II, Part 1

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea is an international court dealing with maritime disputes. The Tribunal is open to States, international organizations and other entities. The "Yearbook" will give lawyers, scholars, students as well as the general public easy access to information about the jurisdiction, procedure and organization of the Tribunal and also about its composition and activities in 1998. The "Yearbook" was prepared by the Registry of the Tribunal. The Tribunal has also published a volume of "Basic Texts" which contains documents that are fundamental to the mandate and operation of the Tribunal and which provides the essential documentation relating to the law and procedure applicable to the Tribunal. The "Yearbook" is also available in French (Annuaire).

This book provides a first-hand insight into the constitution, jurisdiction, procedure and judicial practice of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea. It provides a valuable guide to the jurisprudence of the Tribunal over the past 20 years, and serves as a reference point for practical information on how cases are received and handled by the Tribunal.

The International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea is an autonomous judicial body established by the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea to adjudicate disputes arising out of the interpretation and application of the Convention. The Tribunal is open to States Parties to the Convention. It is also open to entities other than States Parties (States and international organizations non-parties to the Convention and natural or juridical persons) in cases provided for in the Convention or other agreements conferring jurisdiction on the Tribunal. Le Tribunal international du droit de la mer est un organe judiciaire indépendant, créé par la Convention des Nations Unies sur le droit de la mer, pour connaître des différends relatifs à l'interprétation et l'application de la Convention. Le Tribunal est ouvert aux Etats Parties à la Convention. Il est également ouvert à des entités autres que les Etats Parties (Etats et organisations internationales non parties à la Convention et personnes physiques et morales) dans les cas prévus par la Convention ou par d'autres accords conférant compétence au Tribunal.

Academics and practitioners alike turn to the renowned "Hague Yearbook of International Law" for broad coverage of key topical matters in the field. This volume contains Congress papers and in-depth articles in English and French covering developments in private international law, international humanitarian law, and international environmental law. It also includes summaries of key aspects of decisions rendered by various international law institutions such as the International Court of Justice, the Permanent Court of Arbitration, and the Iran-United States Claims Tribunal. The total effect of the various papers contained within this single resource is coverage of a broad range of current, important topics in the field. The reporting on the decisions of numerous tribunals and on matters before them enables readers to keep abreast of developments from a variety of sources that have the potential to change or have changed the state of the law and its practice. Topics covered in this issue include: - technological development and the development of the law of outer spaces; - recent marine archeology developments in international law; and - international protection of children within the framework of human rights.

Annuaire 2004

The Contentious and Advisory Jurisdiction of the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea

Hague Yearbook of International Law/Annuaire De LA Haye Dedroit International

Annuaire 2000

Yearbook International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea / Annuaire Tribunal international du droit de la mer, Volume 19 (2015)